

RED CROSS PUTS
UP \$9,739,872

Year's Budget Stresses Relief
and Services at Home
and Overseas.

MILLIONS FOR VETERAN AID

Over \$3,000,000 Allotted to the
Disabled—Foreign Work
Lessens.

Washington.—Expenditures totaling \$9,739,872.47 for carrying through its program of services and relief during the fiscal year in the United States and overseas are authorized in the budget of the American Red Cross, effective July 1, 1922. This total is \$2,735,975 less than the expenditures for the last fiscal year, when disbursements reached \$12,475,847.69, it is announced at National Headquarters in a statement emphasizing the necessity of continued support of the organization by enrollment during the annual Roll Call, November 11-November 30 inclusive. This total for the budget is exclusive of the large financial operations of the 3,300 active Red Cross Chapters, which, it is estimated, will more than double the total.

War Veterans Have First Call
First call on Red Cross funds is for the disabled ex-service men, of whom 27,487 were receiving treatment from the Government on June 1 last. This work for veterans and their families in a wide variety of service that the Government is not authorized to render and for which it has neither funds nor facilities has the call on \$3,080,692.90 during the current year, or about \$366,000 more than was expended last year for soldier service. Adding the funds disbursed in this humanitarian work of physical reconstruction following the World War by the Chapters throughout the country will approximate a total for the current year approaching \$10,000,000. This work, in the opinion of the Surgeon General's office, will not reach its peak before 1926.

Through its Chapters the American Red Cross is equipped to find the individual ex-service man, help him in his problems and difficulties, provide immediately for his necessities, and open the way for him to the Government compensation and aid to which he is entitled. The extension of this work to the families of such men proves to them that the Red Cross has lost none of its sympathy nor will to service manifested in wartime. Similarly the service goes out to the men still in the Army and Navy, 11,087 of whom were under treatment in Government hospitals on June 1, 1922.

Greater Domestic Program
This year—after five years of constructive effort during the war and after the armistice—brings with it a greater responsibility for domestic service to the American Red Cross. The budget for foreign operations, however, totals \$3,404,000, but of this amount \$1,834,000 is for medical relief and hospital supplies for Russia, which is a part of the gift made by the American Red Cross in 1921 to the Russian famine relief work of the American Relief Administration program. The child health service in Europe continues, moreover, and \$654,000 is appropriated for this work undertaken in 1920. Other items in the stringently diminished foreign program include \$200,000 to support the League of Red Cross Societies, \$22,000 for nurses' training schools instituted by the Red Cross abroad, and \$606,000 for liquidation of the general Red Cross foreign relief program.

Prepared for Emergencies
For disaster relief the Red Cross has set aside \$750,000, and for emergencies in Chapter work \$500,000 to be available for domestic, insular and foreign demands. This is more than \$395,000 above last year's expenditures. For service and assistance to the 3,300 Chapters and their branches \$1,293,000 is provided by the National organization.

Other budget items of importance in the domestic program include \$200,000 for assistance to other organizations and education institutions for training Red Cross nurses and workers; \$190,000 for Roll Call assistance furnished to Chapters; \$100,000 for unforeseen contingencies.

Of the total budget less than \$500,000 is allotted for management in the National organization. No cash estimate, of course, is possible to weigh the value of the service by volunteers in the Chapters.

THE RED CROSS
SUPPLEMENTS
GOVERNMENT SERVICE
BY MEETING THE
PARTICULAR NEEDS
OF THE INDIVIDUAL
EX-SERVICE MAN.
THIS WORK CANNOT
GO ON UNLESS YOU
SUPPORT IT WITH
YOUR MEMBERSHIP
DOLLAR
PAY UP TODAY

Billy Sunday in Charleston.

"Billy" Sunday will go to Charleston next year and hold a great revival meeting, beginning November 1 and ending December 15, and if all goes well he'll keep the old town on the jump for forty days and forty nights. The promoters of the meeting will build a tabernacle for him that will seat eight thousand people, and, of course, there will be a trained choir of some thousands of voices under the compelling direction of Rodeheaver and a well drilled corps of ushers and special nursery for babies whose mothers would like to attend the services and the dear old tin pan, the ringing tin pan, and frequently the empty tin pan so familiar to tens of thousands who heard Mr. Sunday in Spartanburg will be called into service again. It will be the same old thing in organization, management and service, the same old, old story, told in Sunday's own way.

It will be something very new in Charleston. Not the gospel, the great evangelist will preach, because Charleston was brought up on the same gospel, and there are many graveyards in the city and in beautiful, well-kept cemeteries near-by, but the method in which it will be presented by the plain-speaking man with a message. If there should be anything like the co-operation of the churches in Charleston there was in Spartanburg the meeting in "The Enchanted City" will be a most conspicuous success.

The Sunday meeting in Charleston will "come high," but it will be worth the money, whatever the cost. The meeting in Spartanburg cost something like \$45,000, all told. After he had finished his task, and it was a gruelling task, to be sure, Mr. Sunday was presented by the appreciative people of this town and others who had heard him gladly with a purse of \$22,850. A hurried estimate last night of one of the official members of the Sunday Organization was to the effect that during the six weeks of his campaign here Mr. Sunday preached at eighty regular services, that he addressed at these services not less than five hundred thousand people in the aggregate, and that, on account of his work here, not less than fifteen hundred additions were made to the churches of this city.

It may also be of encouragement to the men behind the "Billy" Sunday movement in Charleston to know that the men and women who were "converted" by him while he was here are standing fast in the faith he and his workers imparted to them in the greatest and most successful religious revival ever held in the hill country of South Carolina. Of course the Charleston folk know that Mr. Sunday is not "the whole show," in fact. There is "Ma" Sunday, for instance, and we should say that she is the head of the Sunday house. Then there is Mrs. Asher, with the loveliest voice and the most fascinating ways, and Miss Kinney, who teaches the Bible so that it is perfectly clear in its most difficult, some "high-brows" have said "doubtful," passages, and Homer Rodeheaver, with his slip horn, who "brightens the corner" wherever his is, and "Pete," the most important member of the aggregation, who sings and prays and plays and rubs, as occasion and duty requires, and keeps the Sunday machine running when the joints are a bit clogged, and the engine needs overhauling. There are a lot of people in Charleston, who will not like Mr. Sunday's "style" when he makes his first appearances—it was the same way here; it has been the same way wherever he has gone; but before he is half through down there the chances are the sticklers for the "proprieties," so to say—and "may their tribe increase"—will forget the "madness" of the speaker in the sincerity of his message.—Spartanburg Herald.

Figures Given by Republicans.

Washington, Oct. 27.—Three Republican campaign committees—the national, senatorial and congressional—filed preliminary reports with the clerk of the house of representatives today, showing that \$721,359 had been contributed to help elect Republican senators and representatives, of which amount \$645,451 had been expended.

Each committee will file another report prior to final ones after the general election on November 7. The Democratic senatorial committee, the Anti-Saloon League of America, the association opposed to prohibition and similar organizations taking part in national politics will put in their financial statements by tomorrow night.

For the first time the Republican speakers' bureau also filed its report separately today. It showed receipts

of \$17,000 and expenditures of \$11,157.

Heading the list of all contributors was R. B. Mellon of Pittsburgh, brother of the secretary of the treasury, who gave \$25,000 through the Republican national committee. John D. Rockefeller was second with \$25,000, and John D. Rockefeller, Jr., gave \$10,000. The Rockefellers, father and son, contributed also \$750 each through the Republican congressional committee.

The report of the national committee was the last of the three to reach the house clerk's office, coming by mail tonight. A copy was obtained by the Associated Press at Chicago and sent out, many hours before the document was received here by registered mail.

All told there were seven \$10,000 contributions aside from one for that amount by John D. Rockefeller, Jr. They came from Fred Upham as treasurer, to the senatorial committee on behalf of the national committee; William Wrigley, Jr., Chicago; Dr. S. G. Kennedy, Tulsa, Okla.; the New Jersey state central committee; Frederick W. Allen, New York; D. A. Reed, Pittsburgh, and Henry F. Lippett, former senator from Rhode Island.

Records of the house clerk show that the Republican national committee in its preliminary reports filed in 1920, a presidential year, reported contributions of \$2,966,019, as compared with \$421,444 today. At the same time the Republican senatorial committee reported receipts of \$179,485, compared with today's showing of \$136,069.

Other contributions included:

E. B. Swenson, New York, \$4,500; Eugene Meyer, Jr., New York, \$2,500; H. S. Wilkinson, New York, \$2,000; E. F. Carry, Chicago, \$2,000; G. H. Hilliken, New York, \$2,000; R. P. Lamont, Chicago, \$1,700; Elisha Hanson, New York, \$1,500 and F. W. Croll, \$1,500.

Time to War on Boll Weevil is Now.

It is a great mistake for those expecting to plant cotton next year to assume that the fight against the boll weevil need not be entered upon until the 1923 crop has been planted.

If there is one thing the experts who have studied the subjects, in the schools of both theory and practice, are agreed upon, it is that the time to begin the fight for next year's production is as soon as possible after harvesting this year's crop. Experiments have proved that the earlier the cotton stalks are cut down and plowed under in the fall, the smaller the number of weevils appearing in the spring. Moreover, this method is a sound farming policy.

With equal insistence they urge the early clearing of field-edges and ditch-edges and the burning of the brush.

The second point of importance on which the experts agree is that it is economically disastrous to plant land in cotton that would not produce, if free from weevil attack, a half-bale to the acre. Fighting the weevil successfully necessitates expense for material and the going over from three to six times of every foot of ground planted. The cost is not greatly different in protecting an acre that normally would yield a bale than that incurred in protecting the same care that normally would produce only one-fifth as much. It is obvious that the latter is not worth fighting for, and should not be planted.

The boll weevil can be annually defeated, but in order to accomplish that end, new and more progressive farming methods will have generally to be employed in the south. Those new methods involve close study of the problems, more constant attention to the farm, and a greater degree of energetic work than heretofore employed.—The State.

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Notice.
All persons indebted to the estate of J. M. Gay, deceased, are hereby requested to make payment of same to the undersigned, administratrix, and all persons holding claims against his estate will present same to me properly sworn to.
SALLIE GAY,
Administratrix.
Administratrix' Notice.
All persons holding claims against the estate of W. R. E. Winn, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, to the undersigned; and all persons indebted to the said estate are urged to make payment to
SUSAN L. WINN,
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County Treasurer's Notice

The County Treasurer's office will be open for purpose of receiving taxes from the fifteenth day of November, 1922 to the fifteenth day of March, 1923.

All taxes shall be due and payable between the fifteenth day of October, 1922 and December the thirty-first, 1922.

That when taxes charged shall not be paid by December the thirty-first, 1922 the County Auditor shall proceed to add a penalty of one per cent., for January and if taxes are not paid on or before February the first, 1923, the County Auditor will proceed to add two per cent., and five per cent additional, from the first of March to the fifteenth of March, after which time all unpaid taxes will be collected by the Sheriff.

The tax levies for 1922 are as follows:

	Mills
For State purposes	7½
For Ordinary County	8
For Past Indebtedness	3½
For Constitutional School tax	3
For Antioch	8
For Bacon School District	14
For Blocker	8
For Blocker-Limestone	4
For Colliers	4
For Flat Rock	8
For Oak Grove	3
For Red Hill	8
For Edgefield	10
For Elmwood No. 8	8
For Elmwood No. 9	2
For Elmwood No. 30	2
For Elmwood L. C.	3
For Hibler	8
For Harmony	3
For Johnston	19
For Meriwether (Gregg)	2
For Moss	3
For Brunson School	4
For Ropers	2
For Shaw	4
For Sweetwater	4
For Talbert	8
For Trenton	14
For Wards	8
For Blocker No. 33	4
For Blocker R. R. (portion)	6
For Elmwood R. R. (portion)	6
For Johnston R. R.	3
For Pickens R. R.	3
For Wise R. R.	3
For Corporation	30½

All male citizens between the ages of 21 and 60 years, except those exempt by law, are liable to a poll tax of One Dollar each.

All owners of dog are required to pay the sum of \$1.25 for each dog of the age of six months or older. This is not included in the property tax but a tag must be purchased from the County Treasurer for each dog during January of each year.

The law prescribes that all male citizens between the ages of 18 and 55 years must pay \$4.00 commutation tax. No commutation is included in the property tax. So ask for road tax receipt when you desire to pay road tax. Time for paying road tax will expire February 1, 1923.

J. L. PRINCE,
County Treasurer, E. Co.

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Low insurance rates for farm buildings, if taken for five years. Premium 10 per cent less and payable in five annual installments without interest. In Old Hartford, 112 years old, with the strength of Gibraltar.

E. J. NORRIS,
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